Si8460/61/62/63



LOW POWER SIX-CHANNEL DIGITAL ISOLATOR

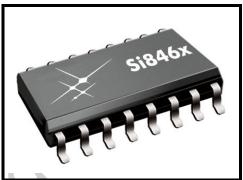
Features

- High-speed operation • DC to 150 Mbps
- No start-up initialization required
- Wide Operating Supply Voltage: 2.70-5.5 V
- Wide Operating Supply Voltage: 2.70-5.5V
- Ultra low power (typical) 5 V Operation:
 - < 1.6 mA per channel at 1 Mbps
 - < 6 mA per channel at 100 Mbps
 - 2.70 V Operation:
 - < 1.4 mA per channel at 1 Mbps</p>
 - < 4 mA per channel at 100 Mbps
- High electromagnetic immunity

Applications

- Industrial automation systems
- Hybrid electric vehicles
- Isolated switch mode supplies

- Up to 2500 V_{RMS} isolation
- 60-year life at rated working voltage
- Precise timing (typical)
 - <10 ns worst case
 - 1.5 ns pulse width distortion
 - 0.5 ns channel-channel skew
 - 2 ns propagation delay skew
 - 6 ns minimum pulse width
- Transient Immunity 25 kV/µs
- Wide temperature range
- –40 to 125 °C at 150 Mbps
- RoHS-compliant packages
 - SOIC-16 narrow body



Ordering Information: See page 28.

- Motor control
- Power inverters
- Communications systems

Safety Regulatory Approvals

- UL 1577 recognized
 - Up to 2500 V_{RMS} for 1 minute CSA component notice 5A
- VDE certification conformity IEC 60747-5-2 (VDE0884 Part 2)
- IEC 60950-1, 61010-1 (reinforced insulation)

Description

approval

Skyworks Solutions' family of ultra-low-power digital isolators are CMOS devices offering substantial data rate, propagation delay, power, size, reliability, and external BOM advantages when compared to legacy isolation technologies. The operating parameters of these products remain stable across wide temperature ranges throughout their service life. For ease of design, only VDD bypass capacitors are required.

Data rates up to 150 Mbps are supported, and all devices achieve worst-case propagation delays of less than 10 ns. All products are safety certified by UL, CSA, and VDE and support withstand voltages of up to 2.5 kVrms. These devices are available in a 16-pin narrowbody SOIC package.

Isolated ADC, DAC

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1. Electrical Specifications

Table 1. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Ambient Operating Temperature*	T _A	150 Mbps, 15 pF, 5 V	-40	25	125	°C
Supply Voltage	V _{DD1}		2.70	—	5.5	V
	V _{DD2}		2.70	—	5.5	V
*Note: The maximum ambient temperature and supply voltage.	e is depende	nt on data frequency, outp	out loading, r	number of op	berating chai	nnels,

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Storage Temperature ²	T _{STG}	-65	5	150	°C
Ambient Temperature Under Bias	T _A	-40		125	°C
Supply Voltage (Revision A) ³	V _{DD1} , V _{DD2}	-0.5	—	5.75	V
Supply Voltage (Revision B) ³	V _{DD1} , V _{DD2}	-0.5	2 –	6.0	V
Input Voltage	V _I	-0.5	—	V _{DD} + 0.5	V
Output Voltage	Vo	-0.5	—	V _{DD} + 0.5	V
Output Current Drive Channel	lo	—	—	10	mA
Lead Solder Temperature (10 s)		—	—	260	°C
Maximum Isolation Voltage (1 s)		—	—	3600	V _{RMS}
Notes:		•	•	-	

Notes:

1. Permanent device damage may occur if the absolute maximum ratings are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to conditions as specified in the operational sections of this data sheet.

2. VDE certifies storage temperature from -40 to 150 °C.

3. See "5. Ordering Guide" on page 28 for more information.

Table 3. Electrical Characteristics

(V_{DD1} = 5 V±10%, V_{DD2} = 5 V±10%, T_A = -40 to 125 °C; applies to narrow-body SOIC package)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
High Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}		2.0		—	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}		_	—	0.8	V
High Level Output Voltage	V _{OH}	loh = –4 mA	$V_{DD1}, V_{DD2} - 0.4$	4.8		V
Low Level Output Voltage	V _{OL}	lol = 4 mA		0.2	0.4	V
Input Leakage Current	IL.			—	±10	μA
Output Impedance ¹	ZO		-	85		Ω
	DC Supply	Current (All inputs	0 V or at Supply)		Į	- !
Si8460Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}		All inputs 0 DC	-	1.7	2.6	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 0 DC		3.3	5.0	mA
V _{DD1}		All inputs 1 DC	_	7.7	11.6	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 1 DC		3.5	5.3	
Si8461Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}		All inputs 0 DC	—	2.1	3.2	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 0 DC	-	3.4	5.1	mA
V _{DD1}		All inputs 1 DC		7.1	10.7	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 1 DC		4.5	6.8	
Si8462Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}		All inputs 0 DC	—	2.5	3.8	
V _{DD2}	0	All inputs 0 DC	-	3.0	4.5	mA
V _{DD1}	NK	All inputs 1 DC	_	6.5	9.8	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 1 DC	—	5.0	8.3	
Si8463Ax, Bx 🔪						
V _{DD1}		All inputs 0 DC	_	2.8	4.2	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 0 DC	-	2.8	4.2	mA
V _{DD1}		All inputs 1 DC	-	6.0	9.0	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 1 DC		6.0	9.0	
Notes:		·	•	•		

Notes:

1. The nominal output impedance of an isolator driver channel is approximately 85 Ω , ±40%, which is a combination of the value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces.

2. t_{PSK(P-P)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times measured between different units operating at the same supply voltages, load, and ambient temperature.

3. Start-up time is the time period from the application of power to valid data at the output.

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Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 $(V_{DD1} = 5 V \pm 10\%, V_{DD2} = 5 V \pm 10\%, T_A = -40$ to 125 °C; applies to narrow-body SOIC package)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit		
1 Mbps Supply Current (All inputs = 500 kHz square wave, CI = 15 pF on all outputs)								
Si8460Ax, Bx								
V _{DD1}			—	4.7	7.1	mA		
V _{DD2}				4.0	6.0			
Si8461Ax, Bx								
V _{DD1}			—	4.7	7.1	mA		
V _{DD2}			_	4.5	6.8			
Si8462Ax, Bx								
V _{DD1}			\rightarrow	4.7	7.1	mA		
V _{DD2}				4.3	6.5			
Si8463Ax, Bx								
V _{DD1}				4.7	7.1	mA		
V _{DD2}			C	4.7	7.1			
10 Mbps Supp	ply Current (All	inputs = 5 MHz squa	are wave, CI = 15 pl	⁼ on all outp	outs)			
Si8460Bx								
V _{DD1}			-	4.7	7.1	mA		
V _{DD2}				5.5	7.7			
Si8461Bx								
V _{DD1}			_	5.0	7.2	mA		
V _{DD2}			—	5.7	8			
Si8462Bx								
V _{DD1}			—	5.2	7.3	mA		
V _{DD2}			—	5.4	7.6			
Si8463Bx		VO						
V _{DD1}			—	5.5	7.7	mA		
V _{DD2}			—	5.5	7.7			
Notes:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
1. The nominal output imp	edance of an isola	ator driver channel is a	pproximately 85 Ω , ±4	0%, which is	a combina	tion of		

 The nominal output impedance of an isolator driver channel is approximately 85 Ω, ±40%, which is a combination of the value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces.

2. t_{PSK(P-P)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times measured between different units operating at the same supply voltages, load, and ambient temperature.

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Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(V_{DD1} = 5 V±10%, V_{DD2} = 5 V±10%, T_A = -40 to 125 °C; applies to narrow-body SOIC package)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
100 Mbps Supp	ly Current (All i	inputs = 50 MHz squ	are wave, CI = 15	pF on all ou	tputs)	
Si8460Bx						
V _{DD1}			—	5.0	7.5	mA
V _{DD2}			—	28.8	36	
Si8461Bx					44.0	
V _{DD1}				9.0 25	11.3 30	mA
V _{DD2} Si8462Bx				25	30	
				13.3	16.6	mA
V _{DD1} V _{DD2}			X	20.8	26	
Si8463Bx						
V _{DD1}				17.2	21.5	mA
V _{DD2}			\sim	17.2	21.5	
	I	Timing Characteris	tics			
Si846xAx				X		
Maximum Data Rate			0	- 1	1.0	Mbps
Minimum Pulse Width				—	250	ns
Propagation Delay	t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	See Figure 1		—	35	ns
Pulse Width Distortion	PWD	See Figure 1	_	_	25	ns
t _{PLH} - t _{PHL}						
Propagation Delay Skew ²	t _{PSK(P-P)}		—	—	40	ns
Channel-Channel Skew	t _{PSK}			—	35	ns
Si846xBx				1 1		
Maximum Data Rate			0	—	150	Mbps
Minimum Pulse Width				—	6.0	ns
Propagation Delay	t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	See Figure 1	3.0	6.0	9.5	ns
Pulse Width Distortion	PWD	See Figure 1		1.5	2.5	ns
t _{PLH} - t _{PHL}						
Propagation Delay Skew ²	t _{PSK(P-P)}			2.0	3.0	ns
Channel-Channel Skew	t _{PSK}			0.5	1.8	ns

the value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces.

2. t_{PSK(P-P)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times measured between different units operating at the same supply voltages, load, and ambient temperature.

Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(V_{DD1} = 5 V±10%, V_{DD2} = 5 V±10%, T_A = -40 to 125 °C; applies to narrow-body SOIC package)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
All Models				•		
Output Rise Time	t _r	C _L = 15 pF See Figure 1	_	3.8	5.0	ns
Output Fall Time	t _f	C _L = 15 pF See Figure 1	_	2.8	3.7	ns
Common Mode Transient Immunity	CMTI	$V_{I} = V_{DD} \text{ or } 0 \text{ V}$	-	25	_	kV/µs
Start-up Time ³	t _{SU}			15	40	μs

Notes:

 The nominal output impedance of an isolator driver channel is approximately 85 Ω, ±40%, which is a combination of the value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces.

2. t_{PSK(P-P)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times measured between different units operating at the same supply voltages, load, and ambient temperature.

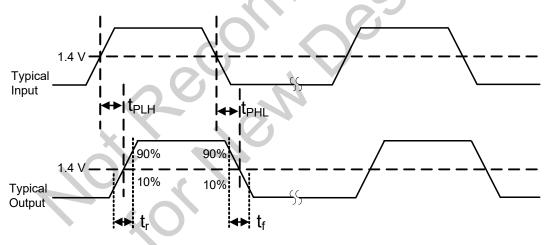


Figure 1. Propagation Delay Timing

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics

(V_{DD1} = 3.3 V±10%, V_{DD2} = 3.3 V±10%, T_A = -40 to 125 °C; applies to narrow-body SOIC package)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
High Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}		2.0		—	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}			_	0.8	V
High Level Output Voltage	V _{OH}	loh = –4 mA	$V_{DD1}, V_{DD2} - 0.4$	3.1		V
Low Level Output Voltage	V _{OL}	lol = 4 mA	—	0.2	0.4	V
Input Leakage Current	ΙL		—	_	±10	μA
Output Impedance ¹	Z _O			85		Ω
D	C Supply C	urrent (All inputs 0	V or at supply)		1	
Si8460Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}		All inputs 0 DC	—	1.7	2.6	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 0 DC		3.3	5.0	mA
V _{DD1}		All inputs 1 DC	_	7.7	11.6	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 1 DC	-	3.5	5.3	
Si8461Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}		All inputs 0 DC		2.1	3.2	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 0 DC	_	3.4	5.1	mA
V _{DD1}		All inputs 1 DC		7.1	10.7	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 1 DC		4.5	6.8	
Si8462Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}		All inputs 0 DC	—	2.5	3.8	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 0 DC	—	3.0	4.5	mA
V _{DD1}	\mathbf{h}	All inputs 1 DC	—	6.5	9.8	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 1 DC	—	5.0	8.3	
Si8463Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}		All inputs 0 DC		2.8	4.2	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 0 DC	—	2.8	4.2	mA
V _{DD1}		All inputs 1 DC		6.0	9.0	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 1 DC	—	6.0	9.0	
Notes:		•			•	

The nominal output impedance of an isolator driver channel is approximately 85 Ω, ±40%, which is a combination of the value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces.

2. t_{PSK(P-P)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times measured between different units operating at the same supply voltages, load, and ambient temperature.

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(V_{DD1} = 3.3 V±10%, V_{DD2} = 3.3 V±10%, T_A = -40 to 125 °C; applies to narrow-body SOIC package)

1 Mbps Supply Curr Si8460Ax, Bx /	ent (All inpu	ts = 500 kHz square	e wave, CI = 15 pF	on all outr	nite)	
DD1				•••••••••••	Juisj	
'DD1						
			—	4.7	7.1	mA
DD2			_	4.0	6.0	
Si8461Ax, Bx						
DD1			—	4.7	7.1	mA
DD2			—	4.5	6.8	
bi8462Ax, Bx				5		
DD1			+ ()	4.7	7.1	mA
DD2				4.3	6.5	
Si8463Ax, Bx						
/DD1			-	4.7	7.1	mA
DD2				4.7	7.1	
10 Mbps Supply Cu	r rent (All inp	outs = 5 MHz square	e wave, CI = 15 pF	on all outp	outs)	
6i8460Bx						
DD1				4.7	7.1	mA
DD2				5.5	7.7	
6i8461Bx						
DD1	C	\mathbf{V}	_	5.0	7.2	mA
DD2			—	5.7	8.0	
5i8462Bx						
OD1			—	5.2	7.3	mA
DD2			—	5.4	7.6	
6i8463Bx						
/DD1			—	5.5	7.7	mA
DD2			—	5.5	7.7	

value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces.

2. t_{PSK(P-P)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times measured between different units operating at the same supply voltages, load, and ambient temperature.

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Table 4. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(V_{DD1} = 3.3 V±10%, V_{DD2} = 3.3 V±10%, T_A = -40 to 125 °C; applies to narrow-body SOIC package)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
100 Mbps Supply	Current (All inp	uts = 50 MHz squa	re wave, CI = 15 p	F on all out	puts)	
Si8460Bx						
V _{DD1}			—	4.8	7.2	mA
V _{DD2}			—	20	25	
Si8461Bx						
V _{DD1}			-	7.4	9.3	mA
V _{DD2}				17.7	22.1	
Si8462Bx						
V _{DD1}			20	10.2	12.8	mA
V _{DD2}				15	18.8	
Si8463Bx						
V _{DD1}			+	12.7	15.9	mA
V _{DD2}			_	12.7	15.9	
	Tin	ning Characteristi	CS			
Si846xAx						
Maximum Data Rate			0		1.0	Mbps
Minimum Pulse Width			0-	_	250	ns
Propagation Delay	t _{PHL} ,t _{PLH}	See Figure 1		—	35	ns
Pulse Width Distortion	PWD	See Figure 1) _	_	25	ns
t _{PLH} - t _{PHL}						
Propagation Delay Skew ²	t _{PSK(P-P)}		—	—	40	ns
Channel-Channel Skew	t _{PSK}		—	_	35	ns
Si846xBx						
Maximum Data Rate			0		150	Mbps
Minimum Pulse Width					6.0	ns
Propagation Delay	t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	See Figure 1	3.0	6.0	9.5	ns
Pulse Width Distortion	PWD	See Figure 1	—	1.5	2.5	ns
t _{PLH} - t _{PHL}	XV	C C				
Propagation Delay Skew ²	t _{PSK(P-P)}			2.0	3.0	ns
Channel-Channel Skew	t _{PSK}			0.5	1.8	ns

The nominal output impedance of an isolator driver channel is approximately 85 Ω, ±40%, which is a combination of the value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces.

2. t_{PSK(P-P)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times measured between different units operating at the same supply voltages, load, and ambient temperature.

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

 $(V_{DD1} = 3.3 \text{ V}\pm 10\%, V_{DD2} = 3.3 \text{ V}\pm 10\%, T_A = -40 \text{ to } 125 \text{ °C}; \text{ applies to narrow-body SOIC package})$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
All Models				•		
Output Rise Time	t _r	C _L = 15 pF See Figure 1		4.3	6.1	ns
Output Fall Time	t _f	C _L = 15 pF See Figure 1		3.0	4.3	ns
Common Mode Transient Immunity	CMTI	$V_{I} = V_{DD} \text{ or } 0 \text{ V}$	_	25	—	kV/µs
Start-up Time ³	t _{SU}		_	15	40	μs

Notes:

The nominal output impedance of an isolator driver channel is approximately 85 Ω, ±40%, which is a combination of the value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces.

2. t_{PSK(P-P)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times measured between different units operating at the same supply voltages, load, and ambient temperature.

3. Start-up time is the time period from the application of power to valid data at the output.

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Table 5. Electrical Characteristics¹

(V_{DD1} = 2.70 V, V_{DD2} = 2.70 V, T_A = -40 to 125 °C; applies to narrow-body SOIC package)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
High Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}		2.0	_	_	V
Low Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}		—	_	0.8	V
High Level Output Voltage	V _{OH}	loh = –4 mA	$V_{DD1}, V_{DD2} - 0.4$	2.3		V
Low Level Output Voltage	V _{OL}	lol = 4 mA	—	0.2	0.4	V
Input Leakage Current	ΙL		- •	_	±10	μA
Output Impedance ²	Z _O		- (85		Ω
	DC Supply C	current (All inputs 0	V or at supply)			
Si8460Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}		All inputs 0 DC		1.7	2.6	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 0 DC		3.3	5.0	mA
V _{DD1}		All inputs 1 DC	<u> </u>	7.7	11.6	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 1 DC	$O - \Lambda$	3.5	5.3	
Si8461Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}		All inputs 0 DC	<u> </u>	2.1	3.2	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 0 DC	-	3.4	5.1	mA
V _{DD1}		All inputs 1 DC	—	7.1	10.7	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 1 DC	<u> </u>	4.5	6.8	
Si8462Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}		All inputs 0 DC	—	2.5	3.8	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 0 DC	—	3.0	4.5	mA
V _{DD1}		All inputs 1 DC	—	6.5	9.8	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 1 DC	—	5.0	8.3	
Si8463Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}		All inputs 0 DC	—	2.8	4.2	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 0 DC	—	2.8	4.2	mA
V _{DD1}		All inputs 1 DC	_	6.0	9.0	
V _{DD2}		All inputs 1 DC		6.0	9.0	
Notes:		•	•			

Notes:

1. Specifications in this table are also valid at VDD1 = 2.6 V and VDD2 = 2.6 V when the operating temperature range is constrained to $T_A = 0$ to 85 °C.

2. The nominal output impedance of an isolator driver channel is approximately 85 Ω, ±40%, which is a combination of the value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces.

3. t_{PSK(P-P)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times measured between different units operating at the same supply voltages, load, and ambient temperature.

Table 5. Electrical Characteristics¹ (Continued)

 $(V_{DD1} = 2.70 \text{ V}, V_{DD2} = 2.70 \text{ V}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } 125 \text{ °C}; \text{ applies to narrow-body SOIC package})$

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
1 Mbps Supply	Current (All inp	uts = 500 kHz square	e wave, CI = 15 pF	on all outp	outs)	
Si8460Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}			—	4.7	7.1	mA
V _{DD2}			—	4.0	6.0	
Si8461Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}			_	4.7	7.1	mA
V _{DD2}			—	4.5	6.8	
Si8462Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}				4.7	7.1	mA
V _{DD2}			E	4.3	6.5	
Si8463Ax, Bx						
V _{DD1}			_	4.7	7.1	mA
V _{DD2}				4.7	7.1	
10 Mbps Supp	ly Current (All in	puts = 5 MHz square	wave, CI = 15 pF	on all outp	uts)	
Si8460Bx						
V _{DD1}			G	4.7	7.1	mA
V _{DD2}				5.5	7.7	
Si8461Bx						
V _{DD1}			—	5.0	7.2	mA
V _{DD2}			_	5.7	8.0	
Si8462Bx						
V _{DD1}			—	5.2	7.3	mA
V _{DD2}			—	5.4	7.6	
Si8463Bx						
V _{DD1}			—	5.5	7.7	mA
V _{DD2}			—	5.5	7.7	
Notes:			-		-	

1. Specifications in this table are also valid at VDD1 = 2.6 V and VDD2 = 2.6 V when the operating temperature range is constrained to $T_A = 0$ to 85 °C.

2. The nominal output impedance of an isolator driver channel is approximately 85 Ω, ±40%, which is a combination of the value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces.

3. t_{PSK(P-P)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times measured between different units operating at the same supply voltages, load, and ambient temperature.

Si8460/61/62/63

Table 5. Electrical Characteristics¹ (Continued)

(V_{DD1} = 2.70 V, V_{DD2} = 2.70 V, T_A = -40 to 125 °C; applies to narrow-body SOIC package)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
100 Mbps Supply	Current (All in	puts = 50 MHz squa	ire wave, CI = 15 p	F on all out	puts)	
Si8460Bx						
V _{DD1}				4.8	7.2	mA
V _{DD2}			—	15.8	19.8	
Si8461Bx						
V _{DD1}			_	6.7	8.4	mA
V _{DD2}			- (14.2	17.8	
Si8462Bx						
V _{DD1}				8.7	10.9	mA
V _{DD2}				12.2	15.3	
Si8463Bx				10 5	10.4	
V _{DD1}				10.5 10.5	13.1 13.1	mA
V _{DD2}	_	iming Characteristi		10.5	13.1	
		iming Characteristi	ICS			
Si846xAx						
Maximum Data Rate			0	_	1.0	Mbps
Minimum Pulse Width				—	250	ns
Propagation Delay	t _{PHL} ,t _{PLH}	See Figure 1	<u> </u>	—	35	ns
Pulse Width Distortion	PWD	See Figure 1	—		25	ns
It _{PLH} - t _{PHL} I						
Propagation Delay Skew ³	t _{PSK(P-P)}		—	—	40	ns
Channel-Channel Skew	t _{PSK}		—	_	35	ns
Si846xBx						
Maximum Data Rate			0	_	150	Mbps
Minimum Pulse Width			—	—	6.0	ns
Propagation Delay	t _{PHL} , t _{PLH}	See Figure 1	3.0	6.0	9.5	ns
Pulse Width Distortion	PWD	See Figure 1	—	1.5	2.5	ns
tplh - tphl						
Propagation Delay Skew ³	t _{PSK(P-P)}			2.0	3.0	ns
Channel-Channel Skew	t _{PSK}		—	0.5	1.8	ns

Notes:

 Specifications in this table are also valid at VDD1 = 2.6 V and VDD2 = 2.6 V when the operating temperature range is constrained to T_A = 0 to 85 °C.

2. The nominal output impedance of an isolator driver channel is approximately 85 Ω , ±40%, which is a combination of the value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces.

3. t_{PSK(P-P)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times measured between different units operating at the same supply voltages, load, and ambient temperature.

Table 5. Electrical Characteristics¹ (Continued)

(V_{DD1} = 2.70 V, V_{DD2} = 2.70 V, T_A = -40 to 125 °C; applies to narrow-body SOIC package)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Мах	Unit
All Models						
Output Rise Time	t _r	C _L = 15 pF See Figure 1		4.8	6.5	ns
Output Fall Time	t _f	C _L = 15 pF See Figure 1		3.2	4.6	ns
Common Mode Transient Immunity	CMTI	$V_{I} = V_{DD} \text{ or } 0 \text{ V}$	_	25	_	kV/µs
Start-up Time ⁴	t _{SU}		- 0	15	40	μs

Notes:

1. Specifications in this table are also valid at VDD1 = 2.6 V and VDD2 = 2.6 V when the operating temperature range is constrained to $T_A = 0$ to 85 °C.

2. The nominal output impedance of an isolator driver channel is approximately 85 Ω, ±40%, which is a combination of the value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces.

3. t_{PSK(P-P)} is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times measured between different units operating at the same supply voltages, load, and ambient temperature.

4. Start-up time is the time period from the application of power to valid data at the output.

Table 6. Regulatory Information*

CSA

The Si84xx is certified under CSA Component Acceptance Notice 5A. For more details, see File 232873.

61010-1: Up to 300 V_{RMS} reinforced insulation working voltage; up to 600 V_{RMS} basic insulation working voltage

60950-1: Up to 130 V_{RMS} reinforced insulation working voltage; up to 600 V_{RMS} basic insulation working voltage. **VDE**

The Si84xx is certified according to IEC 60747-5-2. For more details, see File 5006301-4880-0001.

60747-5-2: Up to 560 V_{peak} for basic insulation working voltage.

UL

The Si84xx is certified under UL1577 component recognition program. For more details, see File E257455.

Rated up to 2500 V_{RMS} isolation voltage for basic insulation.

*Note: Regulatory Certifications apply to 2.5 kV_{RMS} rated devices which are production tested to 3.0 kV_{RMS} for 1 sec. For more information, see "5. Ordering Guide" on page 28.

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Table 7. Insulation and Safety-Related Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Value	Unit	
Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	NB SOIC-16	Unit	
Nominal Air Gap (Clearance) ¹	L(IO1)		3.9 min	mm	
Nominal External Tracking (Creepage) ¹	L(IO2)		3.9 min	mm	
Minimum Internal Gap (Internal Clearance)			0.008	mm	
Tracking Resistance (Proof Tracking Index)	PTI	IEC60112	600	V _{RMS}	
Erosion Depth	ED		0.019	mm	
Resistance (Input-Output) ²	R _{IO}	20	10 ¹²	Ω	
Capacitance (Input-Output) ²	C _{IO}	f = 1 MHz	2.0	pF	
Input Capacitance ³	Cl		4.0	pF	

Notes:

1. The values in this table correspond to the nominal creepage and clearance values as detailed in "6. Package Outline: 16-Pin Narrow Body SOIC". VDE certifies the clearance and creepage limits as 4.7 mm minimum for the NB SOIC-16 package. UL does not impose a clearance and creepage minimum for component level certifications. CSA certifies the clearance and creepage limits as 3.9 mm minimum for the NB SOIC-16 package.

To determine resistance and capacitance, the Si84xx is converted into a 2-terminal device. Pins 1–8 are shorted together to form the first terminal and pins 9–16 are shorted together to form the second terminal. The parameters are then measured between these two terminals.

3. Measured from input pin to ground.

Table 8. IEC 60664-1 (VDE 0844 Part 2) Ratings

Parameter	Test Condition	Specification
Basic Isolation Group	Material Group	I
	Rated Mains Voltages ≤ 150 V _{RMS}	I-IV
Installation Classification	Rated Mains Voltages <u>≤</u> 300 V _{RMS}	I-III
Installation Classification	Rated Mains Voltages <u><</u> 400 V _{RMS}	-
	✓ Rated Mains Voltages ≤ 600 V _{RMS}	I-II

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Table 9. IEC 60747-5-2 Insulation	Characteristics	for Si84xxxB*
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Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Characteristic	Unit			
Maximum Working Insulation Voltage	V _{IORM}		560	V peak			
Input to Output Test Voltage	V _{PR}	Method b1 (V _{IORM} x 1.875 = V _{PR} , 100% Production Test, t _m = 1 sec, Partial Discharge < 5 pC)	1050	V peak			
Transient Overvoltage	V _{IOTM}	t = 60 sec	4000	V peak			
Pollution Degree (DIN VDE 0110, Table 1)			2				
Insulation Resistance at T_S , V_{IO} = 500 V	R _S	. 0.	>10 ⁹	Ω			
*Note: Maintenance of the safety data is ensured by protective circuits. The Si84xx provides a climate classification of 40/125/21.							

Table 10. IEC Safety Limiting Values¹

Parameter	Symbol Test Condition		Min	Tun	Max	Unit
Fardineter	Symbol	Test Condition	WIIII	Тур	NB SOIC-16	Unit
Case Temperature	Τ _S) —	_	150	°C
Safety input, output, or supply current	۱ _S	θ _{JA} = 105 °C/W (NB SOIC-16), V _I = 5.5 V, T _J = 150 °C, T _A = 25 °C			215	mA
Device Power Dissipation ²	PD		_	_	415	mW
Notes:			-	-	•	

Notes:

1. Maximum value allowed in the event of a failure; also see the thermal derating curve in Figure 2.

V- 1

2. The Si846x is tested with VDD1 = VDD2 = 5.5 V, TJ = 150 °C, CL = 15 pF, input a 150 Mbps 50% duty cycle square wave.

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Table 11. Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
i arameter	Oymbol			NB SOIC-16	Max	onit
IC Junction-to-Air Thermal Resistance	θ_{JA}			105		°C/W

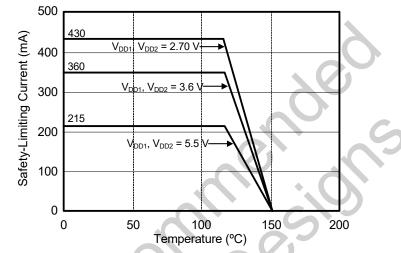


Figure 2. (NB SOIC-16) Thermal Derating Curve, Dependence of Safety Limiting Values with Case Temperature per DIN EN 60747-5-2

2. Functional Description

2.1. Theory of Operation

The operation of an Si846x channel is analogous to that of an opto coupler, except an RF carrier is modulated instead of light. This simple architecture provides a robust isolated data path and requires no special considerations or initialization at start-up. A simplified block diagram for a single Si846x channel is shown in Figure 3.

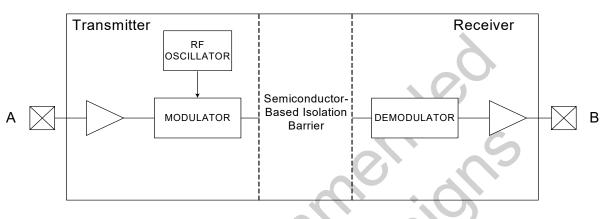


Figure 3. Simplified Channel Diagram

A channel consists of an RF Transmitter and RF Receiver separated by a semiconductor-based isolation barrier. Referring to the Transmitter, input A modulates the carrier provided by an RF oscillator using on/off keying. The Receiver contains a demodulator that decodes the input state according to its RF energy content and applies the result to output B via the output driver. This RF on/off keying scheme is superior to pulse code schemes as it provides best-in-class noise immunity, low power consumption, and better immunity to magnetic fields. See Figure 4 for more details.

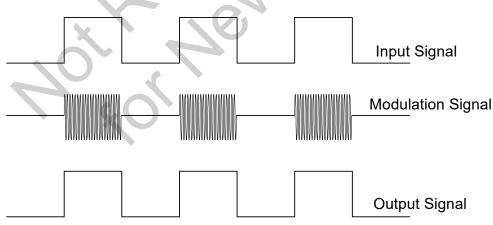


Figure 4. Modulation Scheme

2.2. Eye Diagram

Figure 5 illustrates an eye-diagram taken on an Si8460. For the data source, the test used an Anritsu (MP1763C) Pulse Pattern Generator set to 1000 ns/div. The output of the generator's clock and data from an Si8460 were captured on an oscilloscope. The results illustrate that data integrity was maintained even at the high data rate of 150 Mbps. The results also show that 2 ns pulse width distortion and 250 ps peak jitter were exhibited.

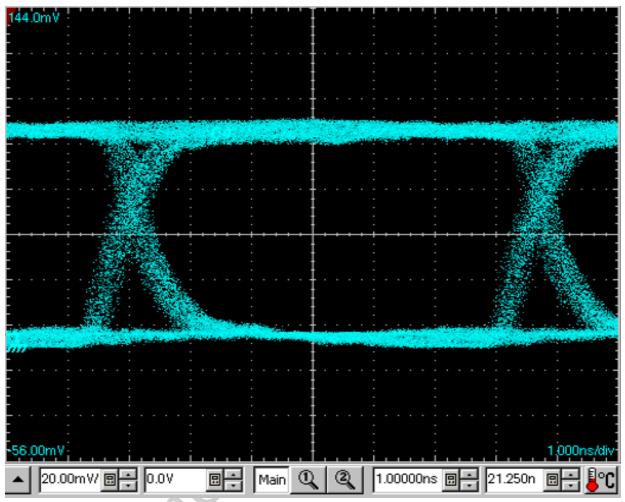


Figure 5. Eye Diagram

2.3. Device Operation

Device behavior during startup, normal operation, and shutdown is shown in Table 12.

V _I Input ^{1,2}	VDDI State ^{1,3,4}	VDDO State ^{1,3,4}	V _O Output ^{1,2}	Comments
Н	Р	Р	Н	Normal operation.
L	Р	Р	L	
X ⁵	UP	Р	L	Upon transition of VDDI from unpowered to powered, V_O returns to the same state as V_I in less than 1 $\mu s.$
X ⁵	Р	UP	Undetermined	Upon transition of VDDO from unpowered to powered, V_{O} returns to the same state as V_{I} within 1 $\mu s.$

Notes:

1. VDDI and VDDO are the input and output power supplies. VI and VO are the respective input and output terminals.

- 2. X = not applicable; H = Logic High; L = Logic Low; Hi-Z = High Impedance.
- **3.** "Powered" state (P) is defined as 2.70 V < VDD < 5.5 V.

4. "Unpowered" state (UP) is defined as VDD = 0 V.

5. Note that an I/O can power the die for a given side through an internal diode if its source has adequate current.

2.4. Layout Recommendations

To ensure safety in the end user application, high voltage circuits (i.e., circuits with >30 V_{AC}) must be physically separated from the safety extra-low voltage circuits (SELV is a circuit with <30 V_{AC}) by a certain distance (creepage/clearance). If a component, such as a digital isolator, straddles this isolation barrier, it must meet those creepage/clearance requirements and also provide a sufficiently large high-voltage breakdown protection rating (commonly referred to as working voltage protection). Table 6 on page 15 and Table 7 on page 16 detail the working voltage and creepage/clearance capabilities of the Si84xx. These tables also detail the component standards (UL1577, IEC60747, CSA 5A), which are readily accepted by certification bodies to provide proof for end-system specifications requirements. Refer to the end-system specification (61010-1, 60950-1, etc.) requirements before starting any design that uses a digital isolator.

The following sections detail the recommended bypass and decoupling components necessary to ensure robust overall performance and reliability for systems using the Si84xx digital isolators.

2.4.1. Supply Bypass

Digital integrated circuit components typically require 0.1 μ F (100 nF) bypass capacitors when used in electrically quiet environments. However, digital isolators are commonly used in hazardous environments with excessively noisy power supplies. To counteract these harsh conditions, it is recommended that an additional 1 μ F bypass capacitor be added between VDD and GND on both sides of the package. The capacitors should be placed as close as possible to the package to minimize stray inductance. If the system is excessively noisy, it is recommended that the designer add 50 to 100 Ω resistors in series with the VDD supply voltage source and 50 to 300 Ω resistors in series with the digital inputs/outputs (see Figure 6). For more details, see "3. Errata and Design Migration Guidelines" on page 26.

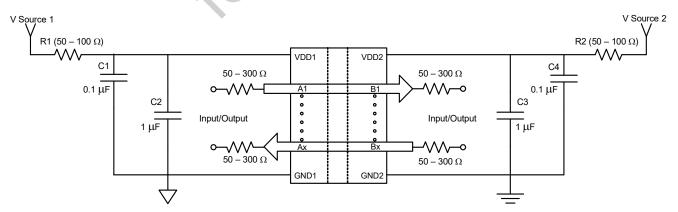
All components upstream or downstream of the isolator should be properly decoupled as well. If these components are not properly decoupled, their supply noise can couple to the isolator inputs and outputs, potentially causing damage if spikes exceed the maximum ratings of the isolator (6 V). In this case, the 50 to 300 Ω resistors protect the isolator's inputs/outputs (note that permanent device damage may occur if the absolute maximum ratings are exceeded). Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions specified in Table 1, "Recommended Operating Conditions," on page 3.

2.4.2. Pin Connections

No connect pins are not internally connected. They can be left floating, tied to V_{DD}, or tied to GND.

2.4.3. Output Pin Termination

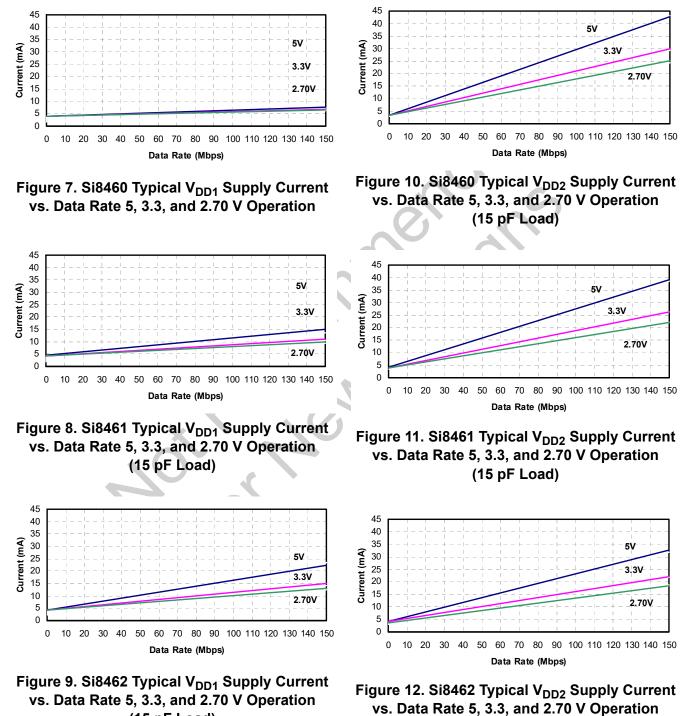
The nominal output impedance of an isolator driver channel is approximately 85 Ω , ±40%, which is a combination of the value of the on-chip series termination resistor and channel resistance of the output driver FET. When driving loads where transmission line effects will be a factor, output pins should be appropriately terminated with controlled impedance PCB traces. The series termination resistor values should be scaled appropriately while keeping in mind the recommendations described in "2.4.1. Supply Bypass" above.





2.5. Typical Performance Characteristics

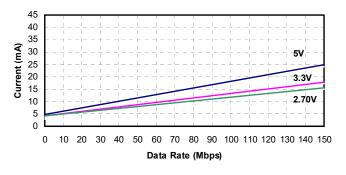
The typical performance characteristics depicted in the following diagrams are for information purposes only. Refer to Tables 3, 4, and 5 for actual specification limits.

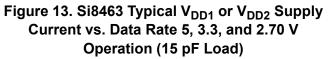


(15 pF Load)

(15 pF Load)

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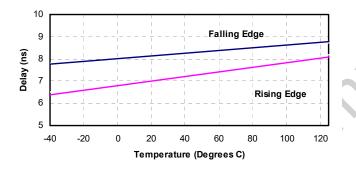


Figure 14. Propagation Delay vs. Temperature

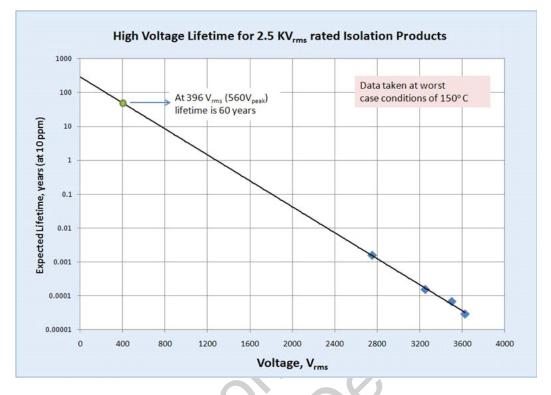


Figure 15. Si84xx Time-Dependent Dielectric Breakdown

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3. Errata and Design Migration Guidelines

When using the new Si846x products, or when migrating from Skyworks Solutions' legacy isolators, designers must consider and adhere to the following requirements.Rev. 1.6

3.1. Power Supply Bypass Capacitors (Revision A and Revision B)

When using the Si846x isolators with power supplies \geq 4.5 V, sufficient VDD bypass capacitors must be present on both the VDD1 and VDD2 pins to ensure the VDD rise time is less than 0.5 V/µs (which is > 9 µs for a \geq 4.5 V supply). Although rise time is power supply dependent, \geq 1 µF capacitors are required on both power supply pins (VDD1, VDD2) of the isolator device.

3.1.1. Resolution

For recommendations on resolving this issue, see "2.4.1. Supply Bypass" on page 22. Additionally, refer to "5. Ordering Guide" on page 28 for current ordering information.

3.2. Latch Up Immunity (Revision A Only)

Latch up immunity generally exceeds ± 200 mA per pin. Exceptions: Certain pins provide < 100 mA of latch-up immunity. To increase latch-up immunity on these pins, 100 Ω of equivalent resistance must be included in series with *all* of the pins listed in Table 13. The 100 Ω equivalent resistance can be comprised of the source driver's output resistance and a series termination resistor.

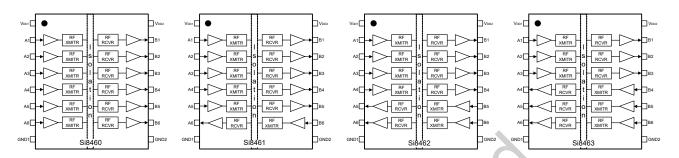
3.2.1. Resolution

This issue has been corrected with Revision B of the device. Refer to "5. Ordering Guide" on page 28 for more information.

Affected Ordering Part Numbers* Device Revision	Pin#	Name	Pin Type			
	2	A1	Input			
SI8460SV-A-IS/IS1, SI8461SV-A-IS/IS1,	6	A5	Input or Output			
SI8462SV-A-IS/IS1, SI8463SV-A-IS/IS1	10	B6	Input or Output			
	14	B2	Output			
*Note: SV = Speed Grade/Isolation Rating (AA, AB, BA, BB).						

Table 13. Affected Ordering Part Numbers (Revision A Only)

4. Pin Descriptions



Name	SOIC-16 Pin#	Туре	Description
V _{DD1}	1	Supply	Side 1 power supply.
A1	2	Digital Input	Side 1 digital input.
A2	3	Digital Input	Side 1 digital input.
A3	4	Digital Input	Side 1 digital input.
A4	5	Digital I/O	Side 1 digital input or output.
A5	6	Digital I/O	Side 1 digital input or output.
A6	7	Digital I/O	Side 1 digital input or output.
GND1	8	Ground	Side 1 ground.
GND2	9	Ground	Side 2 ground.
B6	10	Digital I/O	Side 2 digital input or output.
B5	11	Digital I/O	Side 2 digital input or output.
B4	12	Digital I/O	Side 2 digital input or output.
B3	13	Digital Output	Side 2 digital output.
B2	14	Digital Output	Side 2 digital output.
B1	15	Digital Output	Side 2 digital output.
V _{DD2}	16	Supply	Side 2 power supply.

5. Ordering Guide

These devices are not recommended for new designs. Please see the Si866x data sheet for replacement options.

Ordering Part Number (OPN)	Alternative Part Number (APN)	Number of Inputs VDD1 Side	Number of Inputs VDD2 Side	Maximum Data Rate (Mbps)	Isolation Rating	Package Type
Revision B Devices	2	•				
Si8460AA-B-IS1	Si8660BA-B-IS1	6	0	1		
Si8460BA-B-IS1	Si8660BA-B-IS1	6	0	150		
Si8461AA-B-IS1	Si8661AB-B-IS1	5	1	1		
Si8461BA-B-IS1	Si8661BB-B-IS1	5	1	150	1 kVrms	
Si8462AA-B-IS1	Si8662AB-B-IS1	4	2	1	TKVIIIIS	NB SOIC-16
Si8462BA-B-IS1	Si8662BB-B-IS1	4	2	150	2	
Si8463AA-B-IS1	Si8663AB-B-IS1	3	3	1		
Si8463BA-B-IS1	Si8663BB-B-IS1	3	3	150		
Si8460AB-B-IS1	Si8660AB-B-IS1	6	0			
Si8460BB-B-IS1	Si8660BB-B-IS1	6	0	150	- 2.5 kVrms	NB SOIC-16
Si8461AB-B-IS1	Si8661AB-B-IS1	5	1	1		
Si8461BB-B-IS1	Si8661BB-B-IS1	5	1	150		
Si8462AB-B-IS1	Si8662AB-B-IS1	4	2	1		
Si8462BB-B-IS1	Si8662BB-B-IS1	4	2	150		
Si8463AB-B-IS1	Si8663AB-B-IS1	3	3	1		
Si8463BB-B-IS1	Si8663BB-B-IS1	3	3	150		

Table 14.	Ordering	Guide	for Valid	OPNs ¹
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2. Revision A and Revision B devices are supported for existing designs.

Ordering Part Number (OPN)	Alternative Part Number (APN)	Number of Inputs VDD1 Side	Number of Inputs VDD2 Side	Maximum Data Rate (Mbps)	Isolation Rating	Package Type
Revision A Devices	2					
Si8460AA-A-IS1	Si8660BA-B-IS1	6	0	1		
Si8460BA-A-IS1	Si8660BA-B-IS1	6	0	150		
Si8461AA-A-IS1	Si8661AB-B-IS1	5	1	1		
Si8461BA-A-IS1	Si8661BB-B-IS1	5	1	150	1 10/1000	
Si8462AA-A-IS1	Si8662AB-B-IS1	4	2	1	1 kVrms	NB SOIC-16
Si8462BA-A-IS1	Si8662BB-B-IS1	4	2	150	6	
Si8463AA-A-IS1	Si8663AB-B-IS1	3	3			
Si8463BA-A-IS1	Si8663BB-B-IS1	3	3	150		
Si8460AB-A-IS1	Si8660AB-B-IS1	6	0	1		
Si8460BB-A-IS1	Si8660BB-B-IS1	6	0	150		
Si8461AB-A-IS1	Si8661AB-B-IS1	5	1			
Si8461BB-A-IS1	Si8661BB-B-IS1	5	1	150	2 E k / rma	NB SOIC-16
Si8462AB-A-IS1	Si8662AB-B-IS1	4	2	1	2.5 kVrms	
Si8462BB-A-IS1	Si8662BB-B-IS1	4	2	150		
Si8463AB-A-IS1	Si8663AB-B-IS1	3	3	1		
Si8463BB-A-IS1	Si8663BB-B-IS1	3	3	150		

Table 14. Ordering Guide for Valid OPNs¹

2. Revision A and Revision B devices are supported for existing designs.

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6. Package Outline: 16-Pin Narrow Body SOIC

Figure 16 illustrates the package details for the Si846x in a 16-pin narrow-body SOIC (SO-16). Table 15 lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

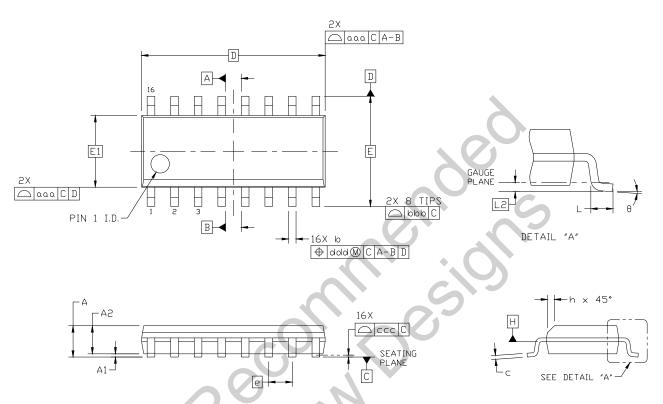


Figure 16. 16-pin Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC) Package

Dimension	Min	Max	
A	—	1.75	
A1	0.10	0.25	
A2	1.25	_	
b	0.31	0.51	
С	0.17	0.25	
D	9.90 E	BSC	
E	6.00 BSC		
E1	3.90 E	BSC	
e	1.27 6	BSC	
L	0.40	1.27	
L2	0.25 6	BSC	

Table 15. Package Diagram Dimensions

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Dimension	Min	Мах
h	0.25 0.50	
θ	0° 8°	
aaa	0.10	
bbb	0.20	
ccc	0.10	
ddd	0.25	
Notoo		

Table 15. Package Diagram Dimensions (Continued)

Notes:

1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.

2. Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.

3. This drawing conforms to the JEDEC Solid State Outline MS-012, Variation AC.

4. Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.

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7. Land Pattern: 16-Pin Narrow Body SOIC

Figure 17 illustrates the recommended land pattern details for the Si846x in a 16-pin narrow-body SOIC. Table 16 lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.

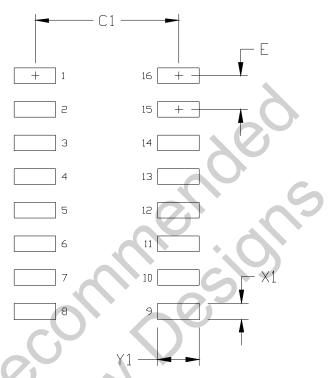


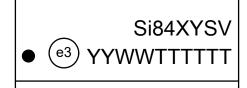
Figure 17. 16-Pin Narrow Body SOIC PCB Land Pattern

Table 16. 16-Pin Narrow Body SOIC Land Pattern Dimensions

Dimension	Feature	(mm)	
C1	Pad Column Spacing		
E	Pad Row Pitch	1.27	
X1	Pad Width	0.60	
Y1	Pad Length 1.55		
 Notes: 1. This Land Pattern Design is based on IPC-7351 pattern SOIC127P600X165-16N for Density Level B (Median Land Protrusion). 2. All feature sizes shown are at Maximum Material Condition (MMC) and a card fabrication tolerance of 0.05 mm is assumed. 			

8. Top Marking: 16-Pin Narrow Body SOIC

8.1. 16-Pin Narrow Body SOIC Top Marking



8.2. Top Marking Explanation

•		Si84 = Isolator product series XY = Channel Configuration
	(See Ordering Guide for more information).	X = # of data channels (6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1) Y = # of reverse channels (3, 2, 1, 0) S = Speed Grade A = 1 Mbps; B = 150 Mbps V = Insulation rating A = 1 kV; B = 2.5 kV
Line 2 Marking:	Circle = 1.2 mm Diameter	"e3" Pb-Free Symbol
	YY = Year WW = Work Week	Assigned by the Assembly House. Corresponds to the year and work week of the mold date.
	TTTTTT = Mfg code	Manufacturing Code from Assembly Purchase Order form.
	Circle = 1.2 mm diameter	"e3" Pb-Free Symbol.

DOCUMENT CHANGE LIST

Revision 0.1 to Revision 0.2

- Updated all specs to reflect latest silicon.
- Added "3. Errata and Design Migration Guidelines" on page 26.
- Added "8. Top Marking: 16-Pin Narrow Body SOIC" on page 33.

Revision 0.2 to Revision 1.0

- Updated document to reflect availability of Revision B silicon.
- Updated Tables 3,4, and 5.
- Updated all supply currents and channel-channel skew.
- Updated Table 2.
 - Updated absolute maximum supply voltage.
- Updated Table 7.
 - Updated clearance and creepage dimensions.
- Updated "3. Errata and Design Migration Guidelines" on page 26.
- Updated "5. Ordering Guide" on page 28.

Revision 1.0 to Revision 1.1

- Updated Tables 3, 4, and 5.
 - Updated notes in tables to reflect output impedance of 85 $\Omega_{\rm \cdot}$
 - Updated rise and fall time specifications.
 - Updated CMTI value.

Revision 1.1 to Revision 1.2

- Updated document throughout to include MSL improvements to MSL2A.
- Updated "5. Ordering Guide" on page 28.
 - Updated Note 1 in ordering guide table to reflect improvement and compliance to MSL2A moisture sensitivity level.

Revision 1.2 to Revision 1.3

- Updated "Features" on page 1.
- Moved Tables 1 and 2 to page 3.
- Updated Tables 6, 7, 8, and 9.
- Updated Table 12 footnotes.
- Added Figure 15, "Si84xx Time-Dependent Dielectric Breakdown," on page 25.

Revision 1.3 to Revision 1.4

- Updated "4. Pin Descriptions" on page 27.
 - Removed note for narrow-body devices.
- Updated "2.4.1. Supply Bypass" on page 22.
- Added Figure 6, "Recommended Bypass Components for the Si84xx Digital Isolator Family," on page 22.
- Updated "3.1. Power Supply Bypass Capacitors (Revision A and Revision B)" on page 26.

Revision 1.4 to Revision 1.5

 Updated "5. Ordering Guide" on page 28 to include new title note and " Alternative Part Number (APN)" column.

Revision 1.5 to Revision 1.6

 Deleted references to MSL ratings throughout document to eliminate redundancy and maintain compliance with corporate data sheet format requirements. The MSL ratings are specified in the Qualification Report for the product.









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